## Indian Statistical Institute Second Semester Back Paper Examination 2003-2004 B.Math (Hons.) II Year Algebra IV

Time: 3 hrs

Date: 23.07.2004

<u>Note</u>: Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. For  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{C}$  continuous define  $(\rho(t)f)(x) = f(x-t)$ . Which of the following subspaces are  $\rho(\mathbb{R})$  invariant?
  - a) the subspace of polynomials.
  - b) the subspace of even function.
  - c) the space of the functions cosx, cox2x, ..., cosnx.
- 2. a) For an irreducible character x of a finite group  $G \neq \{1\}$ , detrmine  $\frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} x(g)$ .

b) Find the character of the representation of the group  $S_n$  on an *n*-dimensional vector space V with basis  $\{e_1, \ldots, e_n\}$  defined by  $\sigma \cdot e_i = e_{\sigma(i)}$  for  $\sigma \in S_n$ .

3. Let V be the C vector space of homogeneous polynomials of degree n in 2 variables x, y. Consider the representation of SU(2) on V by

$$\left(\rho\left(\begin{pmatrix}a&b\\c&d\end{pmatrix}\right)f\right)(x,y) = f\left((x,y)\begin{pmatrix}a&b\\c&d\end{pmatrix}\right)$$

By looking at the restriction of  $\rho$  to the subgroup of diagonal matrices in SU(2), prove that  $\rho$  is an irreducible representation of SU(2)

4. For a  $n \times n$  matrix X, prove that

$$\left. \frac{de^{tx}}{dt} \right|_{t=0} = X$$

- 5. Find a homomorphism  $\theta$  from SU(2) to SU(3) with kernel = { $\pm I$ }.
- 6. Show that  $L^2(S^1)$  decomposes into the Hilbert space direct sum of finite-dimensional irreducible representations of  $S^1$ .